# LEADING FOR RESULTS

MOVING FROM INTENTION TO ACTION FOR YOUNG CHILDREN

BREAKOUT - 2017 ROUNDTABLE | SAN FRANCISCO | JUNE 7 - 9



#### SESSION OBJECTIVES

#### As a result of the session participants will:

- Understand the key components of results-based leadership (RBL)
- Engage actively in learning and applying new leadership skills and exercises
- Make action commitments using the concepts of RBL

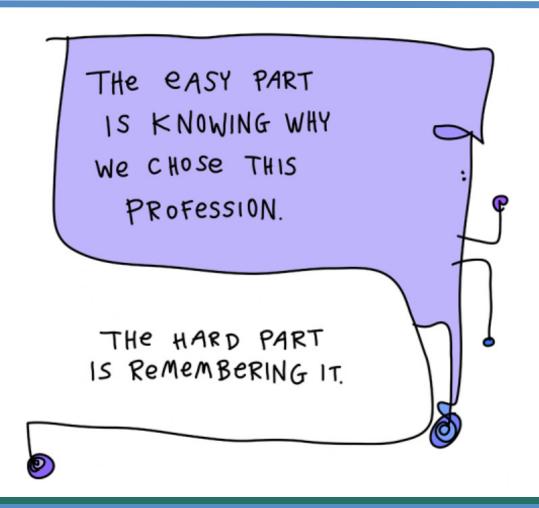


#### BRIEF AGENDA

- Welcome/Overview/Common Language
- Systems: Problems and Solutions
- Realizing Results/Diving into Data
- Self as Leader
- Collective Leadership in the Early Learning System
- Reflection/Discussion/Resources
- Taking Action



### OVERVIEW AND DEFINITIONS





## SHARING A COMMON LANGUAGE

Leadership

領導

Liderazgo

リーダーシップ

Lederskap

boeta-pele

Ledning

ความเป็นผู้นำ

leierskap

ղեկավարություն

নতৃত্ব

kepimpinan

przywództwo

නායකත්වය

liderlik

rahbariyati

vedení lidí

Führung

guida

ārahitanga

chefia

hoggaanka

рохбарият

lãnh đạo

pamumuno

ηγεσία

지도

नेतृत्व

руководство

uongozi

தலமை

פירערשאַפט



## KEY CONCEPTS – CORE COMPETENCIES



- use the self as an instrument of change to produce intended results
- be results-based and data-driven
- collaborate with others
- bring attention to and act on disparities within the early education system





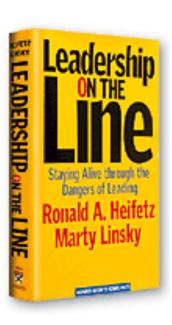
#### THE CHALLENGES WE FACE

#### **Technical Challenges**

- Know-how currently exists
- Requires authoritative expertise or standard operating procedures to solve

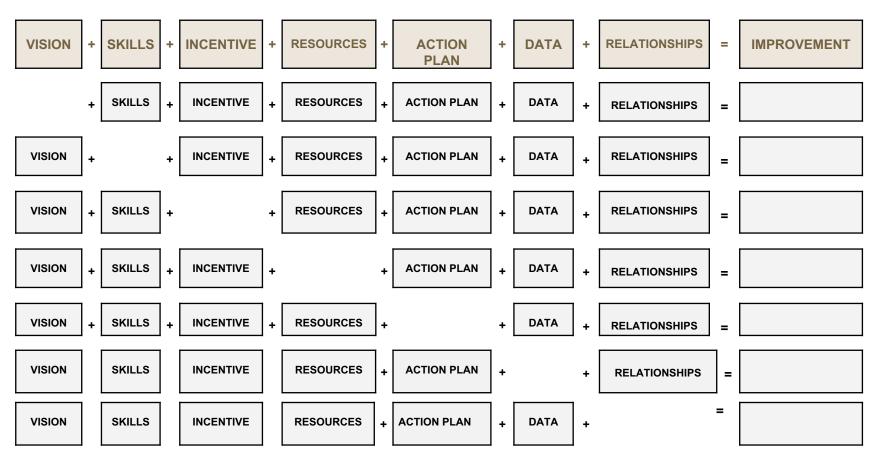
#### **Adaptive Challenges**

- Solution not currently available
- Requires innovation/experimentation, new discoveries, adjustments on multiple levels
- Risk and courage involved as uncertainty and resistance is encountered
- Solved by the people experiencing the problem





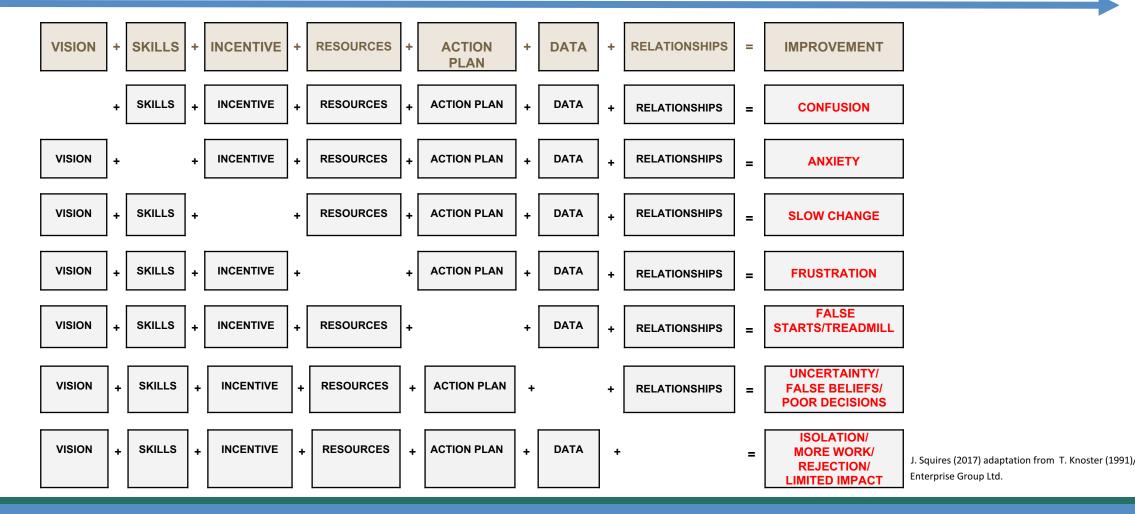
## INGREDIENTS FOR IMPROVEMENT



J. Squires (2017) adaptation from T. Knoster (1991)/ Enterprise Group Ltd.



## INGREDIENTS FOR IMPROVEMENT





#### DATA AS A SYSTEMS DRIVER





### RESULTS BASED ACCOUNTABILITY

#### QUANTITY

#### QUALITY

#### How Much We Do

How much service did we deliver?

# Customers served

# Services/Activities

#### How Well We Do It

How well did we do it?

% Services/activities performed well

#### Is Anyone Better Off?

What quantity/quality of change for the better did we produce? #/% with improvement in:

Skills

**Attitudes** 

**Behavior** 

Circumstances



### POPULATION ACCOUNTABILITY

- 1) What <u>population</u> are we concerned about? (e.g., at-risk 4-yr-olds)
- 2) What <u>conditions</u> do we want for this population? (e.g., All 4-yr-olds transition successfully to kindergarten)
- 3) How can we <u>measure</u> these conditions? (e.g., KEA, first grade promotion rates)
- 4) How are we <u>doing</u> on the most important of those measures? (baseline history and trends over time)
- 5) Who are the <u>partners</u> with a role to play in doing better? (e.g., parents, principals, EC program directors, pediatricians)
- 6) What works or what would it take to do better? (e.g., HQ programs, licensed teachers, coordinated outreach, summer DLL transition programs)
- 7) What do we <u>propose to do?</u> (e.g., establish policies for all lead teachers to have ECE license, embed curriculum coaching in programs)

Fiscal Policy Studies Institute; Santa Fe, NM



### PERFORMANCE ACCOUNTABILITY

For Programs, Agencies and Service Systems

- 1. Who are our <u>primary "customers?"</u>
- 2. How can we measure if our "customers" are better off?
- 3. How can we measure if we are delivering services well?
- 4. How are we doing on the most important of those measures?
- 5. Who are the <u>partners</u> with a role to play in doing better?
- 6. What works or could work to do better?
- 7. What do we propose to do?

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#### activity-trap (noun)

The risk of becoming so busy with the activity so as to forget and miss the aim of that activity.

William Lofquist, 1997

"The definition of insanity is doing the same thing over and over and expecting different results."

Albert Einstein? Rita Mae Brown?



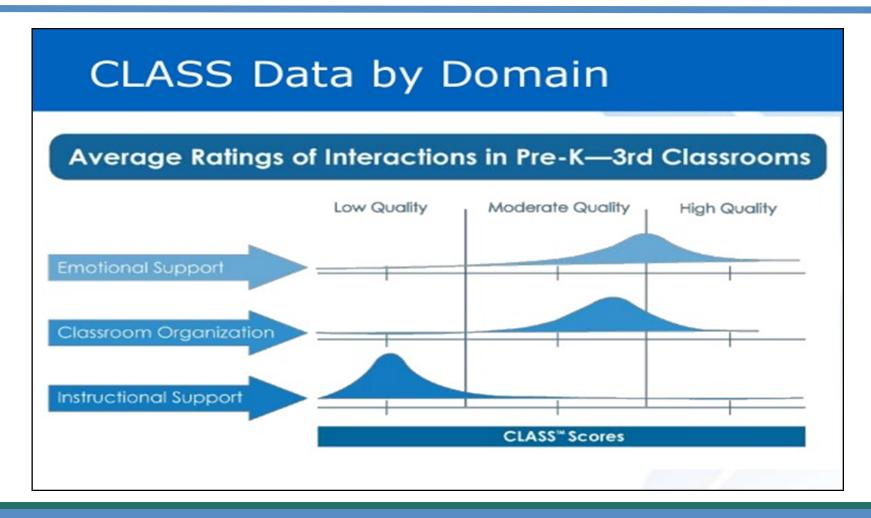
#### FOCUS

	Urgent Quad I		Not Urgent Quad II	
Important				
	• Crisis • Pressing Problems • Deadline Driven	Results  Stress  Burn-out  Crisis management  Always putting out fires	Activities  • Prevention, capability improvement  • Relationship building  • Recognizing new opportunities  • Planning, recreation	Results  Vision, perspective  Balance  Discipline  Control  Few crisis
	Quad III		Quad IV	
Not Important	Activities  Interruptions, some callers  Some email, some reports  Some meetings  Proximate, pressing matters  Popular activities	Results  Short term focus  Crisis management Reputation – chameleon character See goals/ plans as worthless Feel victimized, out of control Shallow or broken relationships	Activities  Trivia, busy work  Some email Personal social media Some phone calls Time wasters Pleasant activities	Results  Total irresponsibility Fired from jobs Dependent on others or institutions for basics

Covey, S. (1989). The Seven Habits of Highly Effective People.

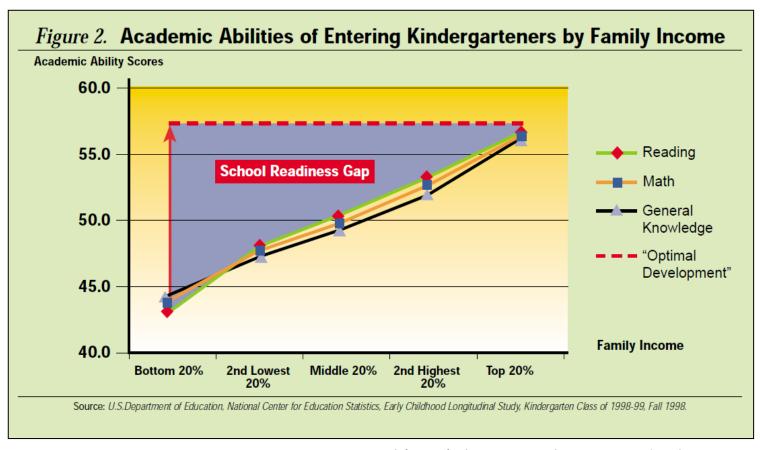


#### SO MHATS





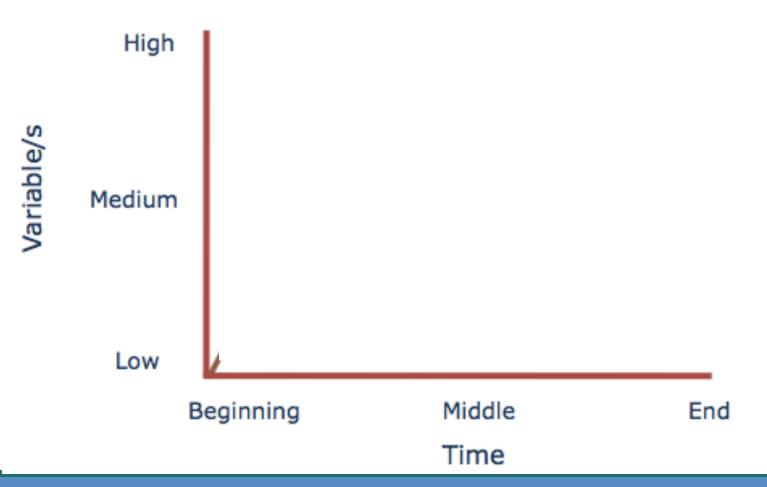
#### DISTRESSING DATA



Barnett et. al.(2004).The Universal vs. Targeted Debate.

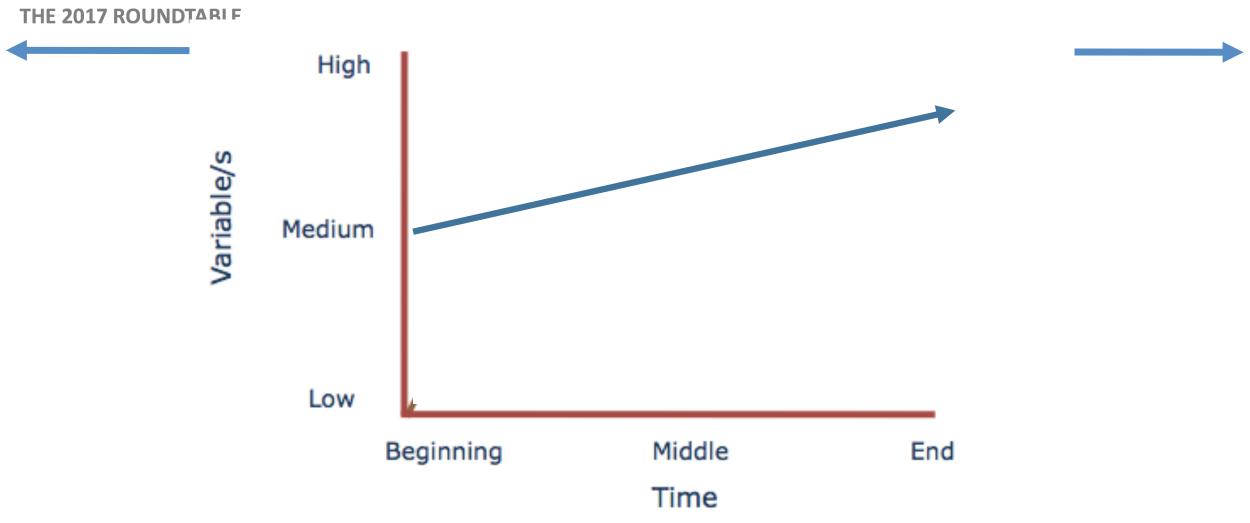


### SPEED DATA(ING)



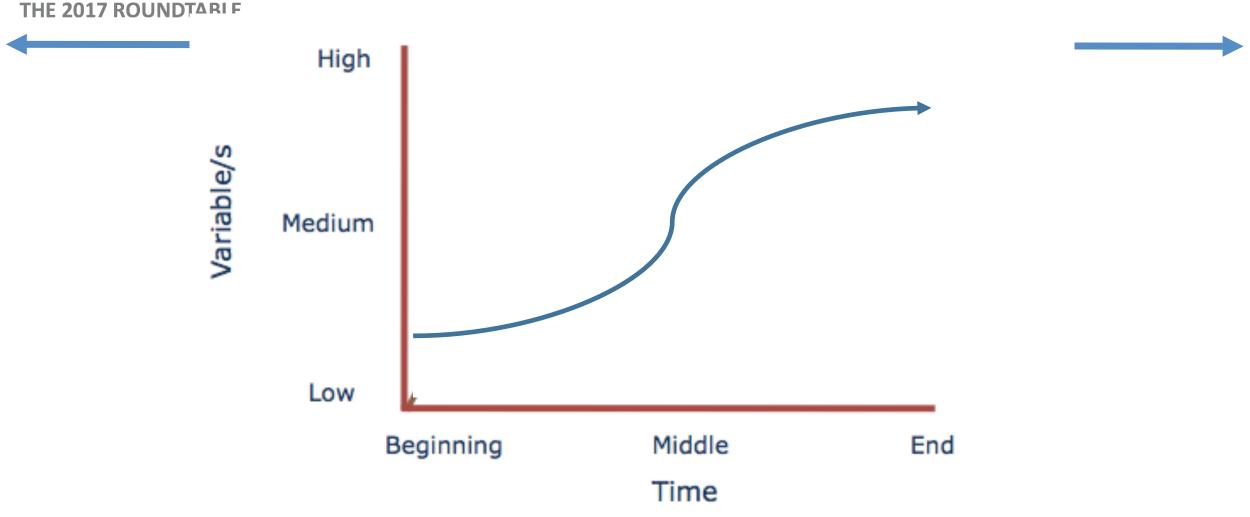


#### PATTERNS OF BEHAVIOR



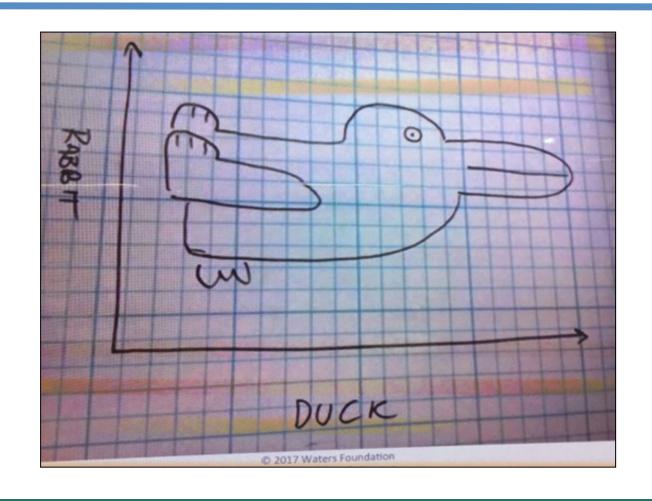


#### PATTERNS OF BEHAVIOR





### KNOW DATA'S LIMITS





#### SELF AS LEADER

MANAGERS	LEADERS
Administer	Innovate
Ask how and when	Ask what and why
Focus on systems	Focus on people
Do things right	Do the right things
Maintain	Develop
Rely on control	Inspire trust
Have short-term perspective	Have long-term perspective
Accept the status quo	Challenge the status quo
Eye the bottom line	Eye the horizon
Imitate	Originate
Emulate the classic	Are their own person
good soldier	
Сору	Show originality

Bennis, W. (1989). On becoming a leader. New York: Basic Books.



#### THE MANAGER'S DILEMMA



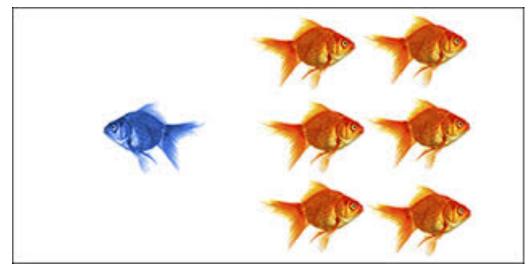


#### RISKS OF LEADERSHIP

"The deeper the change and the greater the amount of new learning required, the more resistance there will be and, thus, the greater the

danger to those who lead."

Heifetz, R. & Linsky, M. (2002)





### B/ART

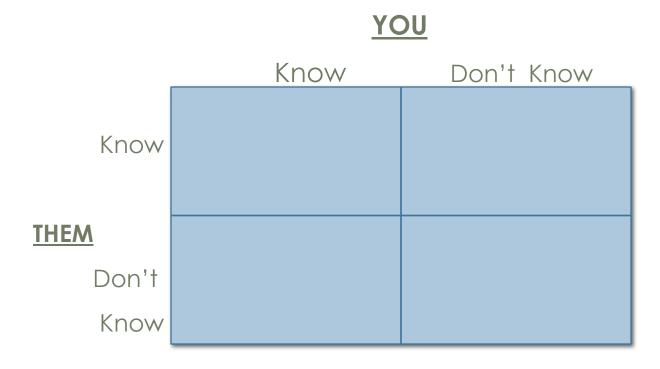
Inherent in every position are opportunities and limitations.

Boundaries exist in every leader's authority, roles/responsibilities, and tasks.





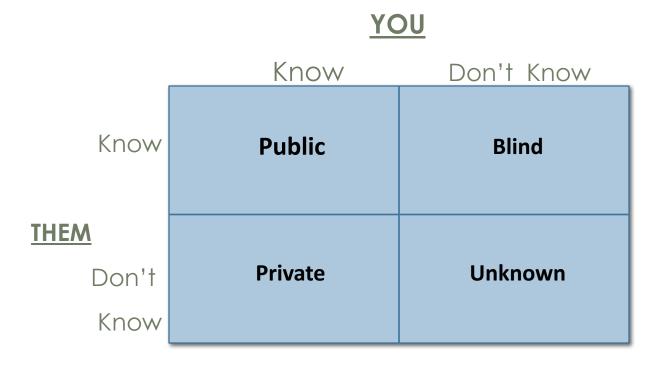
#### JOHARI WINDOW



Joseph Luft & Harrington Ingham (1955)



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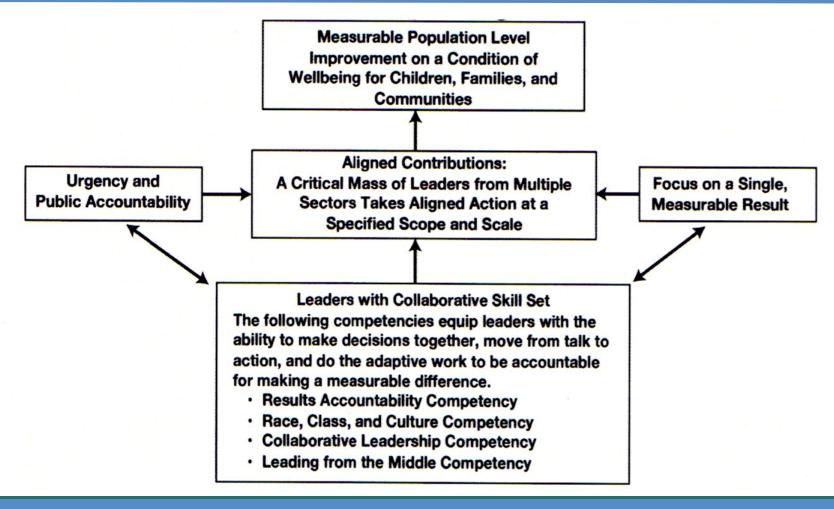


### COLLECTIVE LEADERSHIP





## THEORY OF ALIGNED CONTRIBUTION





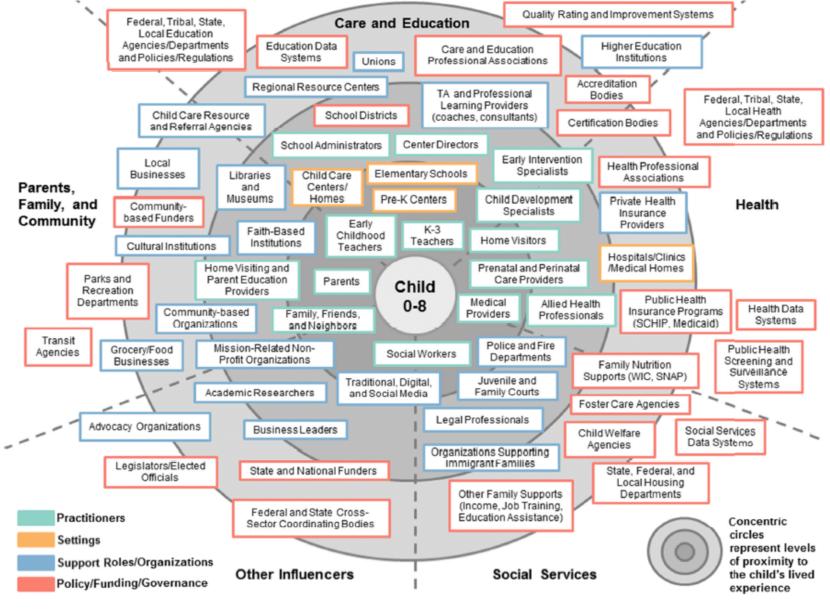
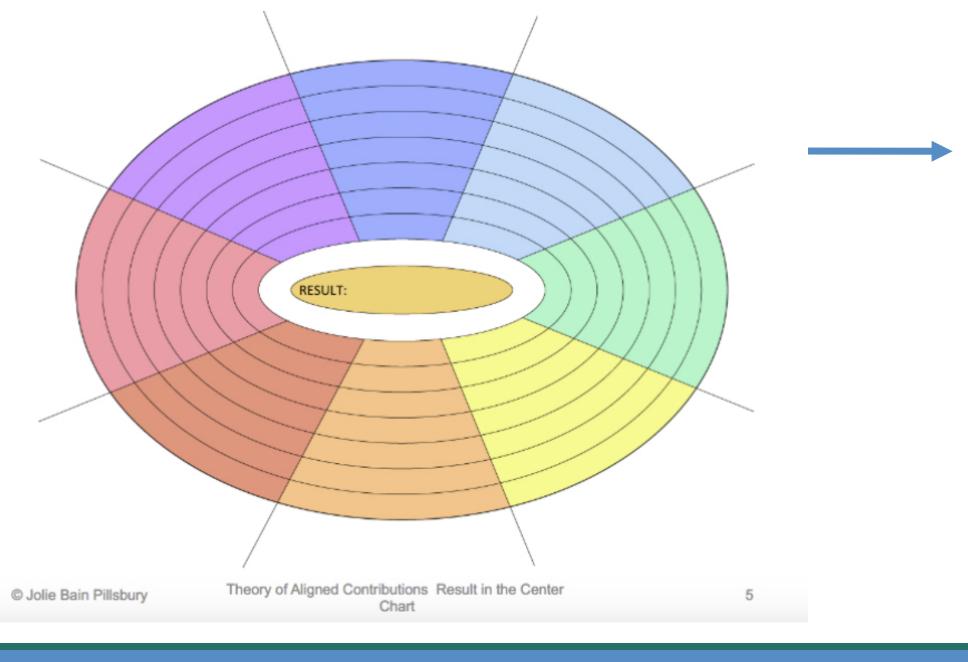
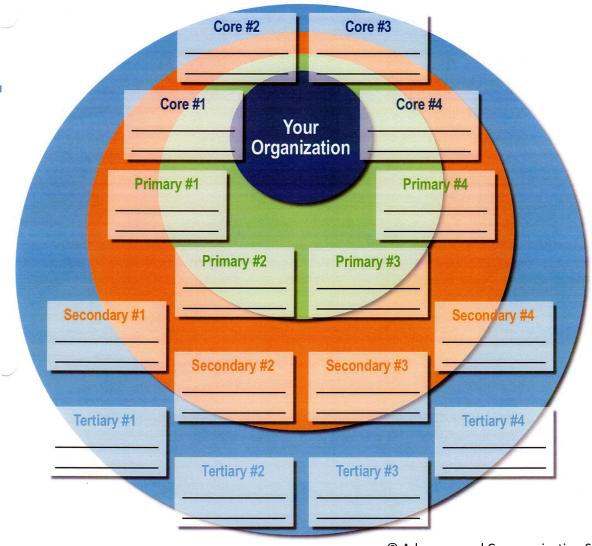


FIGURE 1-1 The complex landscape that affects children ages 0-8.









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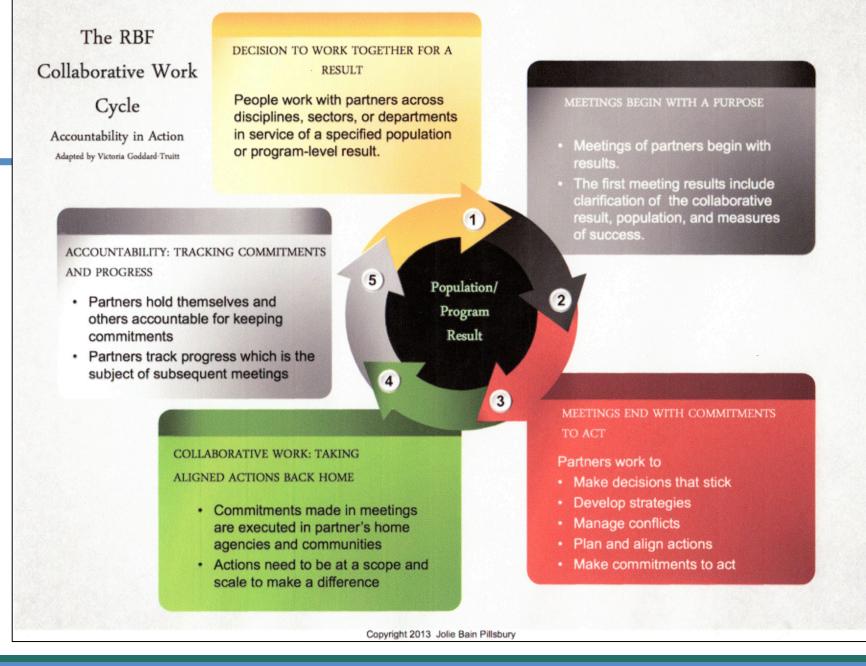


## THE HIGHS AND LOWS OF TOAC

The Four Quadrants of Aligned Action for Results

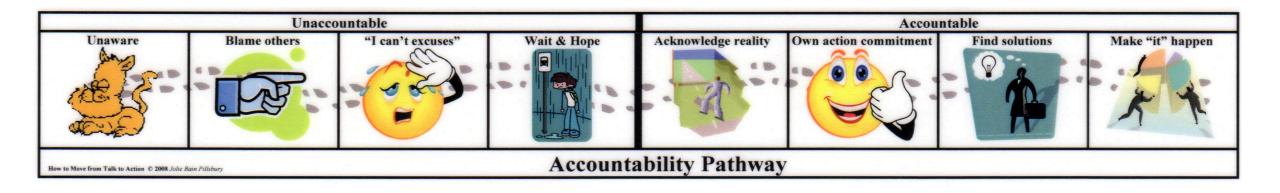
	Works to be in alignment with others					
	Low		High			
Take		(Low action, low alignment)	(Low action, high alignment)			
s action	Low	Does not work to be in alignment with others	Works to be in alignment with others			
ns tha		contribute to improved results	contribute to improved results			
ıt con		Low level of action that does not	Low level of action that does not			
tribu	High	(High action, low alignment)	(High action, high alignment)			
Takes actions that contribute to results		Does not work to be in alignment with others	Works to be in alignment with others			
sults		High level of action that contributes to improved results	High level of action that contributes to improved results			
		o i oui Quuui uiio oi iiigiio				







#### ACCOUNTABILITY PATHWAY





## QUESTIONS, THOUGHTS BREAKTHROUGHS?





#### RESOURCES



- http://ceelo.org/2017roundtable/
- http://ceelo.org/2016-17-leadershipacademy-cohort-3/ (MATERIALS AND RESOURCES TABS)
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v= KHpWzEiBJMI (ADAPTIVE LEADERSHIP RAP)



#### CONCLUDING THOUGHT

"Until one is committed, there is hesitancy, the chance to draw back, always ineffectiveness. Concerning all acts of initiative and creation, there is one elementary truth the ignorance of which kills countless ideas and splendid plans: that the moment one definitely commits oneself, then providence moves too.

All sorts of things occur to help one that would never otherwise have occurred. A whole stream of events issues from the decision, raising in one's favour all manner of unforeseen incidents, meetings and material assistance which no man could have dreamed would have come his way.

Whatever you can do or dream you can, begin it. Boldness has genius, power and magic in it. Begin it now."

Johann Wolfgang von Goethe





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**BREAKOUT**