

# **Network Mapping Tool**

Mapping the organizations or individuals who are working on the same issue as you or serving the same population can clarify potential partnerships, determine next steps for collaborative activities, identify opportunities to impact the system in which you work, or even uncover barriers for creating change in your community. Understanding both those within the system you're working to impact as well as others who are connected to your issue is a crucial step in any communication, advocacy, or coalition building effort. The system in which an issue sits consists of people, polices, and recourses that are interdependent.

#### Directions

Follow the steps below to identify and prioritize relationships with other organizations and individuals. Collect and use this information during the formation of a collaborative effort or a new strategy. Remember, environments and issues change; mapping who is out there working in the same space as you is a good exercise to do annually. Once you understand the power of your network and how to leverage that power you will be able to form new partners, be more strategic with your communication and advocacy, and reach your goals.

#### Core

(those who are core to your mission and goal(s) e.g., staff, board members, mentors, leadership, etc.)

#### Primary

(those who can be leveraged to meet your goal(s). e.g., champions, go-to partners, consultants, informants, etc.)

## Secondary

(e.g., potential future partners, partial alignment potential, mutually supportive but not intertwined, etc.)

## **Tertiary**

(those not directly affected by your work, but who may need outreach, such as media, those who may affect the outcome, or individuals that are looked to for information.)

#### www.advocacyandcommunication.org

For more information about ACS, please contact us at info@advocacyandcommunication.org. Follow us on LinkedIn and Medium.

Cleveland 1277 West 104th St. Cleveland, OH 44102

Columbus 2612 Zollinger Road Columbus, OH 43221

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Washington, DC 300 New Jersey Avenue, NW Suite 900, PMB 9005 Washington, DC 20001

Phoenix 207 North Gilbert Road Suite 007 Phoenix, AZ 85234

#### Step 1: Determine Your Issue

#### Answer the following questions about your issue:

 What issue(s) do you want to map? Your organization may work on several issues. Identify which one or two you are mapping in this exercise. Or, you may want to increase awareness for your organization. To help identify the issue(s), think about your organization's mission, who it serves, and your organization's priorities.

2. What policies and procedures need to change to accomplish your goal? Think through what they are, how they are connected, and the impact it will have on your issue.

- 3. What systems are related to your issue? Your organization and/or issue may interact with more than one system, depending on how broad or narrow the issue. Identify the one to three systems you want to consider to help focus on the most critical stakeholders. For example, if your organization seeks to increase early care and education quality, you may want to explore the early childhood and health & human services systems. If your organization is working to increase awareness about workforce needs about key industries in your area, you may want to explore the workforce development, higher education, and economic development systems.
- 4. What do you want to do with this information? It could be used to identify target audiences for communication, to identify partners in an advocacy strategy, or to proactively engage decision makers and influencers. Either way, this information will help you prioritize the agencies, organizations, and individuals in Step 3.



#### Network Relationship Map—Organizations and Individuals

#### Step 2: Brainstorm Your Network

Answer the following questions and identify agencies, organizations, or individuals to map the network of individuals associated with your issue or organization. Think broadly; you might not have relationships with each individual/organization listed, and that's okay! Then, think about who you know, or who has a relationship with each agency, organization, or individual. In Step 3, you will prioritize this list using the circle framework discussed on page one.

Similar interests—Who is currently working on the same issue as you? Perhaps they
work in the same geographic area, or overlapping areas, or perhaps they focus on a
different demographic. For example, if your organization focuses on increasing food
security in a Detroit neighborhood, and another organization works to increase food
security in the entire city of Detroit, and another organization focuses making sure
homeless individuals have their basic needs met in Detroit, you would include both
organizations.

2. Funding—Who influences the purse strings in your field? What resources are available to you? Are there public-private partnerships that you can leverage? Are there prominent individuals or organization dedicated to providing funding in your field or cause?



Network Relationship Map—Organizations and Individuals

3. Decision making—Who makes the rules for those working in your field or the issue you wish to address? Do those rules work in the interests of or against your ultimate goal? For example, if your work focuses on K-12 education, you may want to consider including decision makers such as administrative and elected officials in your list below. Remember to include your local school board; state and federal departments of education; as well as local, state, and federal elected officials.

4. *Influencers*—Who influences the policies and procedures relevant to your work? Are there individuals or organizations within or outside of your field that can apply strategic pressure in places of opportunity that can ultimately help you reach your goal? This could include allies of policymakers, funders, and the regulatory bodies of your field.

5. *Partners*—Who is currently or should be engaged as partners with your organization? They may have the same target audience or serve the same population as you, but have a different mission or be in a different field.



Network Relationship Map—Organizations and Individuals

Category	Who should be engaged?	Why this individual or organization? What will they do to help you achieve your purpose in Step 1?
1. Local, state or federal government partners (include department leadership, key staff, and policymakers)	1.         2.         3.         4.         5.	2 3 4
2. Non-profit partners	1.         2.         3.	2
3. For-profit partners	1.         2.         3.	2
4. Business community (those that may be affected by your issue, those that have the ability to influence policy or practice related to your issue, or those that have demonstrated interest in your issue)	1.         2.         3.	2
5. Research partners (organizations that collect, analyze, and/or provide access to data and information for your issue or effort)	1.         2.         3.	1.         2.         3.
6. Education partners (early childhood, postsecondary, or K-12)	1.         2.         3.	1.         2.         3.



# Network Relationship Map—Organizations and Individuals

Category	Who should be engaged?	Why this individual or organization? What will they do to help you achieve your purpose in Step 1?
7. Faith-based community	1.         2.         3.	1.         2.         3.
8. Philanthropy	1.         2.         3.	
9. Other organizations that serve or represent those affected by your work (For example, hospitals, professional associations, judicial system, schools, etc.)	1.         2.         3.	2
<b>10. Grasstop leaders in the</b> <b>community</b> (An individual in a leadership position within a community. These individuals have a well-established professional/political profile and have the ability to influence other decision makers and policy.)	1.         2.         3.	1.         2.         3.
11. Grassroots leaders in the community (an individual or community organization that influences individuals through a bottom up/organizing/campaign approach with constituents or those who are affected by an issue.)	1.         2.         3.	1.         2.         3.
12. Other	1 2	1 2

Network Relationship Map—Organizations and Individuals

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## Step 3: Categorize and Prioritize.

Use this table to classify the individuals and organizations identified in Step 2 according to their place in the core and primary circles of your network.

<b>Core</b> (those who are core to your mission and goal. e.g., staff, board members, mentors, leadership, partners, etc.) Identify individuals, if possible.	Who in your organization or collaboration has a relationship with this individual/organization?	<b>Primary</b> (those who are currently or can be leveraged to meet your goal. e.g., champions, go-to partners, consultants, informants, etc.) Identify individuals, if possible.	Who in your organization or collaboration has a relationship with this individual/organization?



# Network Relationship Map—Organizations and Individuals

# Step 3 continued:

Use this table to classify the individuals and organizations identified in Step 1 according to their place in the secondary and tertiary circles of your network.

<b>Secondary</b> (e.g., potential future partners, partial alignment potential, mutually supportive but not intertwined, etc.) Identify individuals, if possible.	Who in your organization or collaboration has a relationship with this individual/organization?	<b>Tertiary</b> (those not directly affected by your work, but who may need outreach, such as media, those who may affect the outcome, or individuals that are looked to for information.) Identify individuals, if possible.	Who in your organization or collaboration has a relationship with this individual/organization?



# Network Relationship Map—Organizations and Individuals

#### Network Relationship Diagram



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### Network Relationship Map—Organizations and Individuals